

Energy performance certificate (EPC)

| | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| 5 Pingleaze Cottages Everleigh MARLBOROUGH SN8 3HB | Energy rating E | Valid until: 13 August 2030 |
| | | Certificate number: 0871-2814-7488-2590-7265 |

Property type: end-terrace house

Total floor area: 55 square metres

Rules on letting this property

Properties can be let if they have an energy rating from A to E.

You can read [guidance for landlords on the regulations and exemptions](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-guidance) (<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-guidance>).

Energy rating and score

This property's energy rating is E. It has the potential to be A.

[See how to improve this property's energy efficiency.](#)

| Score | Energy rating | Current | Potential |
|-------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| 92+ | A | | 116 A |
| 81-91 | B | | |
| 69-80 | C | | |
| 55-68 | D | | |
| 39-54 | E | 53 E | |
| 21-38 | F | | |
| 1-20 | G | | |

The graph shows this property's current and potential energy rating.

Properties get a rating from **A (best)** to **G (worst)** and a score. The better the rating and score, the lower your energy bills are likely to be.

For properties in England and Wales:

- the average energy rating is D
- the average energy score is 60

Breakdown of property's energy performance

Features in this property

Features get a rating from very good to very poor, based on how energy efficient they are. Ratings are not based on how well features work or their condition.

Assumed ratings are based on the property's age and type. They are used for features the assessor could not inspect.

| Feature | Description | Rating |
|----------------------|--|-----------|
| Wall | Cavity wall, as built, no insulation (assumed) | Poor |
| Roof | Pitched, 100 mm loft insulation | Average |
| Window | Fully double glazed | Good |
| Main heating | Boiler and radiators, oil | Average |
| Main heating control | Programmer, TRVs and bypass | Average |
| Hot water | Electric immersion, standard tariff | Very poor |
| Lighting | Low energy lighting in 20% of fixed outlets | Poor |
| Floor | Solid, no insulation (assumed) | N/A |
| Secondary heating | Room heaters, wood logs | N/A |

Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon energy sources release very little or no CO₂. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon emissions. The following low or zero carbon energy sources are installed in this property:

- Biomass secondary heating

Primary energy use

The primary energy use for this property per year is 319 kilowatt hours per square metre (kWh/m²).

▶ [About primary energy use](#)

Additional information

Additional information about this property:

- Cavity fill is recommended

How this affects your energy bills

An average household would need to spend **£880 per year on heating, hot water and lighting** in this property. These costs usually make up the majority of your energy bills.

You could **save £475 per year** if you complete the suggested steps for improving this property's energy rating.

This is **based on average costs in 2020** when this EPC was created. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy for heating, hot water and lighting.

Heating this property

Estimated energy needed in this property is:

- 7,126 kWh per year for heating
- 1,735 kWh per year for hot water

Impact on the environment

This property's environmental impact rating is E. It has the potential to be A.

Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst) on how much carbon dioxide (CO2) they produce each year.

Carbon emissions

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| An average household produces | 6 tonnes of CO2 |
| This property produces | 3.6 tonnes of CO2 |
| This property's potential production | -0.8 tonnes of CO2 |

You could improve this property's CO2 emissions by making the suggested changes. This will help to protect the environment.

These ratings are based on assumptions about average occupancy and energy use. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy.

Changes you could make

► [Do I need to follow these steps in order?](#)

Step 1: Increase loft insulation to 270 mm

Typical installation cost £100 - £350

Typical yearly saving £18

Potential rating after completing step 1 **54 E**

Step 2: Cavity wall insulation

Typical installation cost £500 - £1,500

Typical yearly saving £61

Potential rating after completing steps 1 and 2 **58 D**

Step 3: Party wall insulation

Typical installation cost £300 - £600

Typical yearly saving £44

Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 3 **61 D**

Step 4: Floor insulation (solid floor)

Typical installation cost £4,000 - £6,000

Typical yearly saving £22

Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 4 **63 D**

Step 5: Low energy lighting

Typical installation cost £40

Typical yearly saving £32

Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 5 **64 D**

Step 6: Heating controls (room thermostat)

Typical installation cost £350 - £450

Typical yearly saving £26

Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 6

65 D

Step 7: Replace boiler with new condensing boiler

Typical installation cost £2,200 - £3,000

Typical yearly saving £230

Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 7

72 C

Step 8: Solar water heating

Typical installation cost £4,000 - £6,000

Typical yearly saving £42

Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 8

75 C

Step 9: Solar photovoltaic panels, 2.5 kWp

Typical installation cost £3,500 - £5,500

Typical yearly saving £348

Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 9

89 B

Step 10: Wind turbine

Typical installation cost £15,000 - £25,000

Typical yearly saving £669

Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 10

116 A

Help paying for energy improvements

You might be able to get a grant from the [Boiler Upgrade Scheme \(https://www.gov.uk/apply-boiler-upgrade-scheme\)](https://www.gov.uk/apply-boiler-upgrade-scheme). This will help you buy a more efficient, low carbon heating system for this property.

More ways to save energy

[Find ways to save energy in your home](#)

Who to contact about this certificate

Contacting the assessor

If you're unhappy about your property's energy assessment or certificate, you can complain to the assessor who created it.

Assessor's name

Vincent Brissenden

| | |
|-----------|--|
| Telephone | 01384471675 |
| Email | epc@legalbricks.co.uk |

Contacting the accreditation scheme

If you're still unhappy after contacting the assessor, you should contact the assessor's accreditation scheme.

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Accreditation scheme | Stroma Certification Ltd |
| Assessor's ID | STRO034768 |
| Telephone | 0330 124 9660 |
| Email | certification@stroma.com |

About this assessment

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Assessor's declaration | No related party |
| Date of assessment | 14 August 2020 |
| Date of certificate | 14 August 2020 |
| Type of assessment | ▶ RdSAP |

Other certificates for this property

If you are aware of previous certificates for this property and they are not listed here, please contact us at dluhc.digital-services@levellingup.gov.uk or call our helpdesk on 020 3829 0748 (Monday to Friday, 9am to 5pm).

There are no related certificates for this property.

[Help \(/help\)](#) [Accessibility \(/accessibility-statement\)](#) [Cookies \(/cookies\)](#)

[Give feedback \(https://forms.office.com/e/hUnC3Xq1T4\)](https://forms.office.com/e/hUnC3Xq1T4) [Service performance \(/service-performance\)](#)

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